Grade 6-8 Unit Overview

Comprehensive Health Education

The grades 6-8 Comprehensive Health Education Units are a cohesive set of four units that will scaffold instruction from one grade level to the next. The units are made up of a blended set of standards and cumulative progress indicators that fully encapsulate the major ideas and themes behind the unit. The incorporation of different standards through major, supporting and additional concepts provide a greater opportunity for comprehensive health instruction in each unit. Students will begin the year with a Wellness unit that teaches general health skills involving topics such as hygiene, nutrition and physical activity. Units will then progress to develop decision making skills which will be applied in various situations involving physical activity, alcohol, tobacco, drugs, relationships, interpersonal communication, and character development.

Unit I Wellness

Unit II Alcohol, Tobacco, and other Drugs

Unit III Family Life

Unit IV Community Health Skills

Unit 1: Personal Growth/Wellness

2.2.6.B Every health-related decision has	2.2.6.B.1	Use effective decision-making strategies.
short- and long-term consequences and affects		
the ability to reach health goals.	2.2.6.B.2	Predict how the outcome(s) of a health-related decision may differ if an alternative decision is made by self or others.
2.2.8.B Every health-related decision has short- and long-term consequences and affects	2.2.8.B.1	Predict social situations that may require the use of decision-making skills.
the ability to reach health goals.	2.2.8.B.2	Justify when individual or collaborative decision-making is appropriate.
	2.2.8.B.3	Analyze factors that support or hinder the achievement of personal health goals during different life stages.
2.1.6.A Staying healthy is a lifelong process that includes all dimensions of wellness.	2.1.6.A.3	Determine factors that influence the purchase of healthcare products and use of personal hygiene practices.
2.1.8.A Developing and maintaining wellness requires ongoing evaluation of factors	2.1.8.A.1	Assess and apply health data to enhance each dimension of personal wellness.
impacting health and modifying lifestyle behaviors accordingly.	2.1.8.A.2	Compare and contrast the impact of genetics, family history, personal health practices, and environment on personal growth and development in each life stage.
	2.1.8.A.3	Relate advances in technology to maintaining and improving personal health.
	2.1.8.A.4	Determine the impact of marketing techniques on the use of personal hygiene products, practices, and services.
2.1.6.B Eating patterns are influenced by a variety of factors.	2.1.6.B.4	Compare and contrast nutritional information on similar food products in order to make informed choices.
2.1.8.B Eating patterns are influenced by a variety of factors.	2.1.8.B.1	Analyze how culture, health status, age, and eating environment influence personal eating patterns and recommend ways to provide nutritional balance.
-	2.1.8.B.2	Identify and defend healthy ways for adolescents to lose, gain, or maintain weight.
	2.1.8.B.3	Design a weekly nutritional plan for families with different lifestyles, resources, special needs, and cultural backgrounds.
	2.1.8.B.4	Analyze the nutritional values of new products and supplements.

2.1.8.C The prevention and control of diseases and health conditions are affected by	2.1.8.C.2	Analyze local, state, national, and international public health efforts to prevent and control diseases and health conditions.
many factors.	2.1.8.C.3	Analyze the impact of mental illness (e.g., depression, impulse disorders such as gambling or shopping, eating disorders, and bipolar disorders) on physical, social, and emotional well-being.
2.6.8.A Knowing and applying a variety of effective training principles over time enhances personal fitness level, performance, and health status.	2.6.8.A.4 *	Determine ways to achieve a healthy body composition through healthy eating, physical activity, and other lifestyle behaviors.

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Unit 2: Alcohol, Tobacco and Drugs

2.3.6.A Medicines come in a variety of forms (prescription medicines, over-the-counter medicines, medicinal supplements), are used for numerous reasons, and should be taken as directed in order to be safe and effective.	2.3.6.A.2	Compare information found on over-the-counter and prescription medicines.
2.3.8.A Medicines come in a variety of forms (prescription medicines, over-the-counter medicines, medicinal supplements), are used for numerous reasons, and should be taken as	2.3.8.A.1	Explain why the therapeutic effects and potential risks of commonly used over-the-counter medicines, prescription drugs, and herbal and medicinal supplements vary in different individuals.
directed in order to be safe and effective.	2.3.8.A.2	Compare and contrast adolescent and adult abuse of prescription and over-the-counter medicines and the consequences of such abuse.
2.3.6.B There is a strong relationship between individuals who abuse drugs and increased intentional and unintentional health-risk behaviors.	2.3.6.B.4	Determine the impact of the use and abuse of alcohol on the incidence of illness, injuries, and disease, the increase of risky health behaviors, and the likelihood of harm to one's health.
	2.3.6.B.5	Determine situations where the use of alcohol and other drugs influence decision-making and can place one at risk.
	2.3.6.B.6	Summarize the signs and symptoms of inhalant abuse.
	2.3.6.B.7	Analyze the relationship between injected drug use and diseases such as HIV/AIDS and hepatitis.
2.3.8.B There is a strong relationship between individuals who abuse drugs and increased intentional and unintentional health-risk	2.3.8.B.1	Compare and contrast the physical and behavioral effects of commonly abused substances by adolescents.
behaviors.	2.3.8.B.2	Predict the legal and financial consequences of the use, sale, and possession of illegal substances.
	2.3.8.B.3	Analyze the effects of all types of tobacco use on the aging process.

	2.3.8.B.4	Compare and contrast smoking laws in New Jersey with other states and countries.
	2.3.8.B.5	Explain the impact of alcohol and other drugs on those areas of the brain that control vision, sleep, coordination, and reaction time and the related impairment of behavior, judgment, and memory.
	2.3.8.B.6	Relate the use of alcohol and other drugs to decision-making and risk for sexual assault, pregnancy, and <u>STIs</u> .
	2.3.8.B.7	Explain the impact of inhalant use and abuse on social, emotional, mental, and physical wellness.
	2.3.8.B.8	Analyze health risks associated with injected drug use.
2.3.6.C There are many ways to obtain help for treatment of alcohol, tobacco, and other substance abuse problems.	2.3.6.C.4	Determine effective strategies to stop using alcohol, tobacco and other drugs, and that support the ability to remain drug-free.
2.3.8.C Substance abuse is caused by a variety of factors.	2.3.8.C.1	Compare and contrast theories about dependency/addiction (such as genetic predisposition, gender-related predisposition, and multiple risks) and provide recommendations that support a drug free life.
2.3.8.C The ability to interrupt a drug dependency/addiction typically requires outside intervention, a strong personal commitment, treatment, and the support of family, friends, and others.	2.3.8.C.2	Summarize intervention strategies that assist family and friends to cope with the impact of substance abuse.
2.2.8.B Every health-related decision has short- and long-term consequences and affects the ability to reach health goals.	2.2.8.B.1*	Predict social situations that may require the use of decision-making skills.

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Unit 3: Family Life

2.4.6.A Healthy relationships require a mutual commitment.	2.4.6.A.4	Demonstrate successful resolution of a problem(s) among friends and in other relationships.
	2.4.6.A.5	Compare and contrast the role of dating and dating behaviors in adolescence.
2.4.8.A The values acquired from family, culture, personal experiences, and friends	2.4.8.A.1	Predict how changes within a family can impact family members.
impact all types of relationships.	2.4.8.A.2	Explain how the family unit impacts character development.
	2.4.8.A.3	Explain when the services of professionals are needed to intervene in relationships.
	2.4.8.A.4	Differentiate between affection, love, commitment, and sexual attraction.
	2.4.8.A.5	Determine when a relationship is unhealthy and explain effective strategies to end the relationship.
	2.4.8.A.6	Develop acceptable criteria for safe dating situations, such as dating in groups, setting limits, or only dating someone of the same age.
2.4.6.B Responsible actions regarding sexual behavior impact the health of oneself and	2.4.6.B.2	Summarize strategies to remain abstinent and resist pressures to become sexually active.
others.	2.4.6.B.3	Determine behaviors that place one at risk for HIV/AIDS, <u>STIs</u> , <u>HPV</u> , or unintended pregnancy.
	2.4.6.B.4	Predict the possible physical, social, and emotional impacts of adolescent decisions regarding sexual behavior.
2.4.8.B Personal lifestyle habits and genetics influence sexual development as well as overall growth patterns.	2.4.8.B.1	Analyze the influence of hormones, nutrition, the environment, and heredity on the physical, social, and emotional changes that occur during puberty.
2.4.8.B Responsible actions regarding sexual behavior impact the health of oneself and	2.4.8.B.2	Determine the benefits of sexual abstinence and develop strategies to resist pressures to become sexually active.
others.	2.4.8.B.3	Compare and contrast methods of contraception used by adolescents and factors that may influence their use.
	2.4.8.B.4	Relate certain behaviors to placing one at greater risk for HIV/AIDS, STIs,

		and unintended pregnancy.
2.4.8.B Discussion of topics regarding sexuality requires a safe, supportive environment where sensitivity and respect is shown toward all.	2.4.8.B.5	Discuss topics regarding gender identity, sexual orientation, and cultural stereotyping.
2.4.8.B Early detection strategies assist in the prevention and treatment of illness or disease.	2.4.8.B.6	Explain the importance of practicing routine healthcare procedures such as breast self-examination, testicular examinations, and <u>HPV</u> vaccine.
2.4.6.C Adolescent parents may have difficulty adjusting to emotional and financial responsibilities of parenthood.	2.4.6.C.4	Predict challenges that may be faced by adolescent parents and their families.
2.4.8.C Pregnancy, childbirth, and parenthood are significant events that cause numerous	2.4.8.C.1	Summarize the signs and symptoms of pregnancy and the methods available to confirm pregnancy.
changes in one's life and the lives of others.	2.4.8.C.2	Distinguish physical, social, and emotional changes that occur during each stage of pregnancy, including the stages of labor and childbirth and the adjustment period following birth.
	2.4.8.C.3 2.4.8.C.4	Determine effective strategies and resources to assist with parenting. Predict short- and long-term impacts of teen pregnancy.
	2.4.8.C.5	Correlate prenatal care with the prevention of complications that may occur during pregnancy and childbirth.
2.1.8.C The prevention and control of diseases and health conditions are affected by many factors.	2.1.8.C.1	Evaluate emerging methods to diagnose and treat diseases and health conditions that are common in young adults in the United States and other countries, including hepatitis, sexually transmitted infections, HIV/AIDS, breast cancer, HPV, and testicular cancer.

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Unit 4: Community Health Skills

2.2.6.A Effective communication is the basis for strengthening interpersonal interactions and relationships and resolving conflicts.	2.2.6.A.2	Demonstrate use of refusal, negotiation, and assertiveness skills in different situations.
2.2.8.A Effective interpersonal communication encompasses respect and acceptance for individuals regardless of gender, sexual orientation, disability, ethnicity, socioeconomic background, religion, and/or culture.	2.2.8.A.1	Compare and contrast verbal and nonverbal interpersonal communication strategies in a variety of settings and cultures in different situations.
2.2.8.A Effective communication is the basis for strengthening interpersonal interactions and relationships and resolving conflicts.	2.2.8.A.2	Demonstrate the use of refusal, negotiation, and assertiveness skills when responding to peer pressure, disagreements, or conflicts.
2.2.6.B Every health-related decision has short- and long-term consequences and affects	2.2.6.B.3*	Determine how conflicting interests may influence one's decisions.
the ability to reach health goals.	2.2.6.B.4	Apply personal health data and information to support achievement of one's short- and long-term health goals.
2.2.8.B Every health-related decision has	2.2.8.B.1	Predict social situations that may require the use of decision-making skills.
short- and long-term consequences and affects the ability to reach health goals.	2.2.8.B.2	Justify when individual or collaborative decision-making is appropriate.
	2.2.8.B.3	Analyze factors that support or hinder the achievement of personal health goals during different life stages.
2.2.6.C Character building is influenced by many factors both positive and negative, such as acceptance, discrimination, bullying, abuse, sportsmanship, support, disrespect, and violence.	2.2.6.C.2	Predict situations that may challenge an individual's core ethical values.
	2.2.6.C.3	Develop ways to proactively include peers with disabilities at home, at school, and in community activities.

2.2.8.C Working together toward common goals with individuals of different abilities and from different backgrounds develops and reinforces core ethical values.	2.2.8.C.2	Analyze strategies to enhance character development in individual, group, and team activities. Analyze to what extent various cultures have responded effectively to individuals with disabilities.
2.2.8.C Rules, regulations, and policies regarding behavior provide a common framework that supports a safe, welcoming environment.	2.2.8.C.3	Hypothesize reasons for personal and group adherence, or lack of adherence, to codes of conduct at home, locally, and in the worldwide community.
2.2.6.D Participation in social and health- or service-organization initiatives have a positive social impact.	2.2.6.D.2	Develop a position about a health issue in order to inform peers.
2.2.8.D Effective advocacy for a health or social issue is based on communicating accurate and reliable research about the issue and developing and implementing strategies to	2.2.8.D.1	Plan and implement volunteer activities to benefit a local, state, national, or world health initiative.
motivate others to address the issue.	2.2.8.D.2	Defend a position on a health or social issue to activate community awareness and responsiveness.
2.2.6.E Communicating health needs to trusted adults and professionals assists in the prevention, early detection, and treatment of health problems.	2.2.6.E.2	Distinguish health issues that warrant support from trusted adults or health professionals.
2.2.8.E Potential solutions to health issues are dependent on health literacy and available resources.	2.2.8.E.1	Evaluate various health products, services, and resources from different sources, including the Internet.

2.2.8.E Communicating health needs to trusted adults and professionals assists in the prevention, early detection, and treatment of health problems.	2.2.8.E.2	Compare and contrast situations that require support from trusted adults or health professionals.
2.1.6.C The early detection and treatment of diseases and health conditions impact one's health.	2.1.6.C.3	Compare and contrast common mental illnesses (such as depression, anxiety and panic disorders, and phobias) and ways to detect and treat them.
2.1.8.C The prevention and control of diseases and health conditions are affected by many factors.	2.1.8.C.3	Analyze the impact of mental illness (e.g., depression, impulse disorders such as gambling or shopping, eating disorders, and bipolar disorders) on physical, social, and emotional well-being.
2.1.6.D Identifying unsafe situations and choosing appropriate ways to reduce or eliminate risks contributes to the safety of self and others.	2.1.6.D.2 2.1.6.D.3	Explain what to do if abuse is suspected or occurs. Summarize the components of the <u>traffic safety system</u> and explain how people contribute to making the system effective.
2.1.8.D Evaluating the potential for injury prior to engaging in unhealthy/risky behaviors impacts choices.	2.1.8.D.2 2.1.8.D.2	Assess the degree of risk in a variety of situations and identify strategies to reduce intentional and unintentional injuries to self and others. Describe effective personal protection strategies used in public places and what to do when one's safety is compromised. Analyze the causes and the consequences of noncompliance with the traffic
Applying first-aid procedures can minimize injury and save lives.	2.1.8.D.4	Demonstrate first-aid procedures, including victim and situation assessment, Basic Life Support, and the care of head trauma, bleeding and wounds, burns, fractures, shock, and poisoning.
2.1.6.E Respect and acceptance for individuals regardless of gender, sexual orientation, disability, ethnicity, socioeconomic	2.1.6.E.2	Make recommendations to resolve incidences of school and community conflict, violence, harassment, gang violence, discrimination, and bullying.

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background, religion, and/or culture provide a		
foundation for the prevention and resolution of		
conflict.		
2.1.8.E Social and emotional development	2.1.8.E.1	Analyze how <u>personal assets</u> , <u>resiliency</u> , and <u>protective factors</u> support healthy
impacts all components of wellness.		social and emotional health.
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2.1.8.E Respect and acceptance for individuals	2.1.8.E.2	Determine the effectiveness of existing home, school, and community efforts
regardless of gender, sexual orientation,		to address social and emotional health and prevent conflict.
disability, ethnicity, socioeconomic		
background, religion, and/or culture provide a		
foundation for the prevention and resolution of		
conflict.		
2.1.8.E Stress management skills impact an	2.1.8.E.3	Explain how culture influences the ways families and groups cope with crisis
individual's ability to cope with different types		and change.
of emotional situations.		
	2.1.8.E.4	Compare and contrast stress management strategies that are used to address
		various types of stress-induced situations.

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